

More than 50% of Canadians don't have a will. Are you one of them?

If you have assets, you need a will. This Will Planning Checklist is designed to help you think about your estate and prepare the information needed to create your will.

By preparing today, you can make a difference to your own well-being, to the future of the people you care about, and to the charitable organizations that you support.

<u>Don't be caught without a will!</u> Follow the steps in this checklist to ensure that your wishes are documented and properly executed.

Step 1 – Make a list of your assets and liabilities			
Assets	Real estate: land, house(s), cottage(s), condominium(s) Personal effects: furnishings, clothing, antiques, jewellery, vehicle(s) Other property: cash, bank accounts, securities, mutual funds, GICS, Life Insurance policies, joint annuities, pensions Digital assets: computing hardware, email accounts, social media accounts, online banking, other online accounts, intellectual property, websites/blogs		
Liabilities	Mortgage(s) Loan(s) Credit cards		
TIP: Make sure you consider "how" your assets are owned. Assets owned jointly with right of survivorship (not available in Quebec) may be treated differently on your death than assets in your name only. It's also important to consider beneficiary designations on registered products (RSP's, TFSA's, etc.) and life insurance.			
Step 2 – Make a list of your beneficiaries (those you would like to remember in your Will)			
Beneficiaries	Dependants Relatives Friends Charitable organizations		
TIP: Depending on your personal circumstances, you may need to consider restrictions on your ability to dispose of assets as you wish and/or obligations to a spouse (current or former), business partners, and others.			
Step 3 – Divide your estate among your beneficiaries			
	creative. You can give a work of art to a favourite relative, honour a friend, able organizations you believe in and support. Think about how you would like to divide your estate Consider all possibilities: your spouse survives you; only your children survive you; or no immediate family members survive you		
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Step 4 – Identify your Executor(s)*		
This is one of your Will's most important functions – the Executor is your personal representative, and will settle your estate and carry out your Will's terms. Decide if you would like a single Executor or multiple co-Executor(s) Name an alternate in case your Executor cannot act or predeceases you Talk to your chosen Executor(s) and ensure they understand the duties involved		
TIP: This is a complex role that requires familiarity with investments and sale of property—it's a good idea to choose someone who has the expertise, time and inclination to manage these activities. You may wish to consider appointing a professional (trust company or other expert) alone or as co-executor with a family member. *In Quebec an Executor is referred to as a Liquidator.		
Step 5 – Identify legal representative(s) for your dependents		
If you have dependents (e.g. young children), deciding who will care for them and manage their property is one of the most important components of your Will. Think about who you would like to care for your children/dependents and consider whether that person would want to assume the responsibility Discuss your decision with the person(s) you would like to appoint Name an alternative legal representative in case the person(s) selected predecease(s) you Arrange for the care of your pets		
Step 6 – Document your plan		
Work with an estate planning professional to ensure that your plan is		

TIP: A comprehensive estate plan may include more than making a Will. Make sure you plan for potential future incapacity by preparing powers of attorney (Mandate for Incapacity, in Quebec.)

properly documented and executed

almost identical names

Ensure each beneficiary is identified clearly and precisely

Verify the exact names of any charitable organization(s), as some have

Contact the organizations you'd like to acknowledge; they will gladly

supply you and your advisor(s) with all necessary information



Step 7 – Make sure your Will and other important documents can be found

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Consult an expert who is familiar with laws and procedures in you	ur province.
Please note: this document is for discussion purposes only and do	es not constitute or replace a Will.